

**Part (Biology)**

1. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from
- (1) PS-I to NADP<sup>+</sup>
  - (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (3) PS-II to Cytob<sub>6</sub>f complex
  - (4) Cytob<sub>6</sub> complex to PS-I
- Ans: [3]**
2. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
- (1) Palindromic sequence
  - (2) Recognition site
  - (3) Selectable marker
  - (4) Ori site
- Ans: [4]**
3. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
- (1) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'  
3' - GAATTC - 5'
  - (2) 5' - GGATCC - 3'  
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
  - (3) 5' - GAATTC - 3'  
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
  - (4) 5' - GGAACC - 3'  
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
- Ans: [3]**
4. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
- (1) Active immunity is quick and gives full response
  - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity
  - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called 'Active immunity'
  - (4) When ready - made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity"
- Ans: [1]**
5. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
- (1) Boveri
  - (2) Morgan
  - (3) Mendel
  - (4) Sutton
- Ans: [2]**
6. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
- |               |   |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron      | (i) Photolysis of water                     |
| (b) Zinc      | (ii) Pollen germination                     |
| (c) Boron     | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis                       |
- (1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), d - (i)
  - (2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), d - (iii)
  - (3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)
  - (4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (i)
- Ans: [1]**
7. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
- (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- Ans: [4]**
8. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription
- (1) DNA polymerase
  - (2) RNA polymerase
  - (3) DNA ligase
  - (4) DNA helicase
- Ans: [4]**
9. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
- (1) ICSI and ZIFT
  - (2) GIFT and ICSI
  - (3) ZIFT and IUT
  - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
- Ans: [3]**



10. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

- (1) Lysine
- (2) Valine
- (3) Tyrosine
- (4) Glutamic Acid

**Ans: [1]**

11. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport oxygen :

- (1) Higher  $H^+$  conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin
- (2) Low  $pCO_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin
- (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$
- (4) Partial pressure of  $CO_2$  can interfere with  $O_2$  binding with haemoglobin

**Ans: [1]**

12. Floridean starch has structure similar to :

- (1) Mannitol and algin
- (2) Laminarin and cellulose
- (3) Starch and cellulose
- (4) Amylopectin and glycogen

**Ans: [4]**

13. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?

- (1) Cross breeding
- (2) Inbreeding
- (3) Out crossing
- (4) Mutational breeding

**Ans: [1]**

14. Match the following columns and select the correct option

- | Column I            | Column II                |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Pituitary gland | (i) Grave's disease      |
| (b) Thyroid gland   | (ii) Diabetes mellitus   |
| (c) Adrenal gland   | (iii) Diabetes insipidus |
| (d) Pancreas        | (iv) Addison's disease   |
- (1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iv), d - (ii)
  - (2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)
  - (3) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), d - (ii)
  - (4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (i), d - (iv)

**Ans: [1]**

15. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.

- (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
- (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
- (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes

**Ans: [3]**

16. Choose the correct pair from the following :

- (1) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
- (2) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
- (3) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
- (4) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments

**Ans: [3]**

17. Ray florets have :

- (1) Hypogynous ovary
- (2) Half inferior ovary
- (3) Inferior ovary
- (4) Superior ovary

**Ans: [3]**

18. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| (a) Bacillus thuringiensis    | (i) Cloning vector                       |
| (b) Thermus aquaticus         | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) Agrobacterium tumefaciens | (iii) DNA polymerase                     |
| (d) Salmonella typhimurium    | (iv) Cry proteins                        |

Select the correct option from the following

- (1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)
- (2) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), d - (ii)
- (3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (iii), d - (i)
- (4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), d - (ii)

**Ans: [4]**



19. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :

- (1) Ammonia and oxygen
- (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
- (3) Ammonia alone
- (4) Nitrate alone

**Ans: [2]**

20. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop. increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.

- (1) Ethylene
- (2) Abscisic acid
- (3) Cytokinin
- (4) Gibberellin

**Ans: [4]**

21. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :

- (1) Nucellus
- (2) Chalaza
- (3) Hilum
- (4) Micropyle

**Ans: [3]**

22. The process of growth is maximum during :

- (1) Senescence
- (2) Dormancy
- (3) Log phase
- (4) Lag phase

**Ans: [3]**

23. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :

- (1) Aschelminthes
- (2) Annelida
- (3) Ctenophora
- (4) Platyhelminthes

**Ans: [4]**

24. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?

- (1) Effluents of primary treatment
- (2) Activated sludge
- (3) Primary sludge
- (4) Floating debris

**Ans: [2]**

25. Match the following columns and select the correct option .

Column I	Column II
(a) Floating Ribs	(i) Located between second and seventh ribs
(b) Acromion	(ii) Head of the Humerus
(c) Scapula	(iii) Clavicle
(d) Glenoid cavity	(iv) Do not connect with the sternum

(1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)

(2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), d - (ii)

(3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), d - (iii)

(4) (a) - (i), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (iv)

**Ans: [2]**

26. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.

- (1) They are useful in genetic engineering
- (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases
- (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence
- (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites

**Ans: [2]**

27. Match the following columns and select the correct option

Column I	Column II
(a) Gregarious, polyphagous pest	(i) Asterias
(b) Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry	(ii) Scorpion
(c) Book lungs	(iii) Ctenoplana
(d) Bioluminescence	(iv) Locusta

(1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (i), d - (iv)

(2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iii), d - (iv)

(3) (a) - (i), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (iv)

(4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), d - (iii)

**Ans: [4]**



28. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :

- (1) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body
- (2) the head holds a 1/3rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body
- (3) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen
- (4) the cockroach does not have nervous system

**Ans: [1]**

29. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity

- (1) Himalayas
- (2) Amazon forests
- (3) Western Ghats of India
- (4) Madagascar

**Ans: [2]**

30. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?

- (1) Golgi bodies
- (2) Polysomes
- (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
- (4) Peroxisomes

**Ans: [1]**

31. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?

- (1) *Anabaena* and *Volvax*
- (2) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
- (3) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
- (4) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*

**Ans: [2]**

32. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?

- (1) Lectin
- (2) Insulin
- (3) Haemoglobin
- (4) Collagen

**Ans: [4]**

33. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:

- (1) Diplotene
- (2) Leptotene
- (3) Pachytene
- (4) Zygotene

**Ans: [1]**

34. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?

- (1) 14
- (2) 8
- (3) 4
- (4) 2

**Ans: [1]**

35. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (2) eustachian tube
- (3) lining of intestine
- (4) ducts of salivary glands

**Ans: [1]**

36. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

- |                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| (a) zygotene   | (i) Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene  | (ii) Chiasmata      |
| (c) Diplotene  | (iii) Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) Synapsis       |

Select the correct option from the following :

- (1) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)
- (2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (iii), d - (i)
- (3) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), d - (ii)
- (4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (i)

**Ans: [4]**

37. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?

- (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm
- (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm
- (3) They are not bound by any membrane
- (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles

**Ans: [4]**



38. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis
- (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
  - (4) Reabsorption of  $\text{Na}^+$  and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone

**Ans: [4]**

39. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
  - (2) Dicotyledonous root
  - (3) Monocotyledonous stem
  - (4) Monocotyledonous root

**Ans: [3]**

40. Which of the following statements is correct
- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds
  - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine
  - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds
  - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond

**Ans: [3]**

41. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column I	Column II
(a) Bt cotton	(i) Gene therapy
(b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii) Cellular defence
(c) RNAi	(iii) Detection of HIV infection
(d) PCR	(iv) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>

- (1) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)
- (2) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), d - (iv)
- (3) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), d - (iii)
- (4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (i), d - (iv)

**Ans: [3]**

42. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :
- (1) Industrial melanism
  - (2) Natural selection
  - (3) Adaptive radiation
  - (4) Convergent evolution

**Ans: [4]**

43. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
- (1) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - (2) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
  - (3) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
  - (4) 1 molecule of 3-C compound

**Ans: [4]**

44. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is
- (1) Female gametocytes
  - (2) Male gametocytes
  - (3) Trophozoites
  - (4) Sporozoites

**Ans: [4]**

45. Identify the incorrect statement.
- (1) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour
  - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour
  - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support
  - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf

**Ans: [1]**

46. Which of the following is correct about viroids?
- (1) They have DNA with protein coat.
  - (2) They have free DNA without protein coat.
  - (3) They have RNA with protein coat.
  - (4) They have free RNA without protein coat.

**Ans: [4]**



47. Match the following diseases with their causative organism and select the correct option

Column I

Column II

- |                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Typhoid    | (i) <i>Wuchereria</i>   |
| (b) Pneumonia  | (ii) <i>Plasmodium</i>  |
| (c) Filariasis | (iii) <i>Salmonella</i> |
| (d) Malaria    | (iv) <i>Haemophilus</i> |

- (1) (a) - (ii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iii), d - (iv)  
(2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), d - (iii)  
(3) (a) - (i), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (iv)  
(4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), d - (ii)

**Ans: [4]**

48. Identify the wrong statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.

- (1) When  $I^A$  and  $I^B$  are present together, they express same type of sugar  
(2) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar  
(3) The gene (I) has three alleles  
(4) A person will have only two of the three alleles

**Ans: [1]**

49. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :

- (1) 50 millions  
(2) 7 millions  
(3) 1.5 millions  
(4) 20 millions

**Ans: [2]**

50. Which of the following is not an attribute of a population?

- (1) Mortality  
(2) Species interaction  
(3) Sex ratio  
(4) Natality

**Ans: [2]**

51. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :

- (1) wind and water  
(2) insects and water  
(3) insects or wind  
(4) water currents only

**Ans: [3]**

52. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :

- (1) Depolarisation of ventricles  
(2) Repolarisation of ventricles  
(3) Repolarisation of auricles  
(4) Depolarisation of auricles

**Ans: [1]**

53. Select the correct match

- (1) Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11  
(2) Thalassemia - X linked  
(3) Haemophilia - Y linked  
(4) Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait

**Ans: [1]**

54. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is

- (1) Two  
(2) Three  
(3) Zero  
(4) One

**Ans: [4]**

55. Match the following :

- |                                     |               |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i) Ricin     |
| (b) Peptide bonds                   | (ii) Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi     | (iii) Chitin  |
| (d) Secondary metabolite            | (iv) Collagen |

Choose the correct option from the following :

- (1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), d - (ii)  
(2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), d - (iv)  
(3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (iii), d - (i)  
(4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iv), d - (ii)  
(4) A

**Ans: [3]**



56. Which of the following refer to correct example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands  
(b) Herbicide resistant weeds  
(c) Drug resistant eukaryotes  
(d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs
- (1) (b), (c) and (d)  
(2) only (d)  
(3) only (a)  
(4) (a) and (c)

**Ans: [1]**

57. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of :
- (1) S phase  
(2)  $G_2$  phase  
(3) M phase  
(4)  $G_1$  phase

**Ans: [4]**

58. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
- (1) Defence action  
(2) Effect on reproduction  
(3) Nutritive value  
(4) Growth response

**Ans: [1]**

59. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed
- (1) After zygote formation  
(2) At the time fusion of a sperm with an ovum  
(3) Prior to ovulation  
(4) At the time of copulation

**Ans: [2]**

60. Which of the following statements is not correct?
- (1) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds  
(2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli  
(3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin  
(4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide

**Ans: [1]**

61. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
- (1) High reflection of light from snow  
(2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays  
(3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature  
(4) Inflammation of cornea due to high doses of UV-B radiation

**Ans: [4]**

62. Strobili or cones are found in :
- (1) *Marchantia*                      (2) *Equisetum*  
(3) *Salvinia*                        (4) *Pteris*

**Ans: [2]**

63. From his experiments, S.L. Miler produced amino acids by mixing the following in closed flask :
- (1)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ C$   
(2)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ C$   
(3)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ C$   
(4)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_4$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ C$

**Ans: [3]**

64. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is correct?
- (1) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same  
(2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity  
(3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity  
(4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity

**Ans: [4]**

65. Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- (a) Fourth trophic level    (i) Crow  
(b) Second trophic level    (ii) Vulture  
(c) First trophic level        (iii) Rabbit  
(d) Third trophic level        (iv) Grass

Select the correct option :

- (1) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (i)  
(2) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), d - (iv)  
(3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)  
(4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (i), d - (iv)

**Ans: [3]**



66. Select the correct statement.
- (1) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes
  - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia
  - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis
  - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia

**Ans: [3]**

67. Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.
- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (2) only (d)
  - (3) (a) and (b)
  - (4) (c) and (d)

**Ans: [3]**

68. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
- (1) Prop roots
  - (2) Lateral roots
  - (3) Fibrous roots
  - (4) Primary roots

**Ans: [3]**

69. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
- (1) Chondrocytes
  - (2) Compound epithelial cells
  - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
  - (4) Columnar epithelial cells

**Ans: [4]**

70. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
- (1) Release of Green House Gases
  - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances

**Ans: [4]**

71. Which of the following statements are true for the phylum - Chordata?
- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata
- (1) (a) and (b)
  - (2) (b) and (c)
  - (3) (d) and (c)
  - (4) (c) and (a)

**Ans: [2]**

72. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
- (1) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (2) Inulin, insulin
  - (3) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (4) Glycerol, trypsin

**Ans: [2]**

73. Match the following columns and select the correct option

Column I	Column II
(a) Placenta	(i) Androgens
(b) Zona pellucida	(ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)
(c) Bulbo-urethral glands	(iii) Layer of the ovum
(d) Leydig cells	(iv) Lubrication of the Penis

- (1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)
- (2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)
- (3) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), d - (ii)
- (4) (a) - (i), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), d - (iii)

**Ans: [2]**

74. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
- (1) 2.2 meters
  - (2) 2.7 meters
  - (3) 2.0 meters
  - (4) 2.5 meters

**Ans: [1]**



75. The ovary is half inferior in :

- (1) Sunflower                      (2) Plum  
(3) Brinjal                         (4) Mustard

**Ans: [2]**

76. Identify the correct statement with regard to G<sub>1</sub> phase (Gap 1) of interphase

- (1) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA  
(2) Nuclear Division takes place  
(3) DNA synthesis or replication takes place  
(4) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place

**Ans: [1]**

77. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the Graafian follicle?

- (1) Low concentration of LH  
(2) Low concentration of FSH  
(3) High concentration of Estrogen  
(4) High concentration of Progesterone

**Ans: [3]**

78. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system

- (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part  
(2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum  
(3) Ileum opens into small intestine  
(4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal

**Ans: [1]**

79. Match the following columns and select the correct option

- | Column I        | Column II                                      |
|-----------------|--|
| (a) Eosinophils | (i) Immune response                            |
| (b) Basophils   | (ii) Phagocytosis                              |
| (c) Neutrophils | (iii) Release histaminase, destructive enzymes |
| (d) Lymphocytes | (iv) Release granules containing histamine     |

- (1) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)  
(2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iii), d - (iv)  
(3) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), d - (i)  
(4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), d - (iii)

**Ans: [3]**

80. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other

- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther  
(b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes  
(c) Seed inside the fruit  
(d) Embryo sac inside the ovule

- (1) (c) and (d)  
(2) (a) and (d)  
(3) (a) only  
(4) (a), (b) and (c)

**Ans: [2]**

81. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :

- (1) Plant nematodes  
(2) Insect predators  
(3) Insect pests  
(4) Fungal diseases

**Ans: [3]**

82. The first phase of translation is :

- (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA  
(2) Recognition of an anti-codon  
(3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome  
(4) Recognition of DNA molecule

**Ans: [1]**

83. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :

- (1) Charles Darwin  
(2) Oparin  
(3) Karl Ernst von Baer  
(4) Alfred Wallace

**Ans: [3]**



84. Match the following columns and select the correct option :

Column I	Column II
(a) 6-15 pairs of gill slits	(i) Trygon
(b) Heterocercal caudal fin	(ii) Cyclostomes
(c) Air Baldder	(iii) Chondrichthyes
(d) Poison sting	(iv) Osteichthyes

(1) (a) - (iv), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), d - (i)  
(2) (a) - (i), (b) - (iv), (c) - (iii), d - (ii)  
(3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), d - (i)  
(4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), d - (ii)

**Ans: [3]**

85. Match the following columns and select the correct option :

Column I	Column II
(a) <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i) Cyclosporin-A
(b) <i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii) Butyric Acid
(c) <i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii) Citric Acid
(d) <i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv) Blood cholesterol lowering agent

(1) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)  
(2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), d - (i)  
(3) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), d - (i)  
(4) (a) - (ii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)

**Ans: [4]**

86. Which of the following is not an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?

- (1) Phenolic acid  
(2) Para-ascorbic acid  
(3) Gibberellic acid  
(4) Abscisic acid

**Ans: [3]**

87. Match the following columns and select the correct option

Column I	Column II
(a) Organ of Corti	(i) Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b) Cochlea	(ii) Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c) Eustachian tube	(iii) Attached to the oval window
(d) Stapes	(iv) Located on the basilar membrane

(1) (a) - (iv), (b) - (ii), (c) - (i), d - (iii)  
(2) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)  
(3) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), d - (iv)  
(4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (i), (c) - (iv), d - (ii)

**Ans: [1]**

88. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) caseinogen into casein  
(2) pepsinogen into pepsin  
(3) protein into polypeptides  
(4) trypsinogen into teypsin

**Ans: [4]**

89. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of diabetes Mellitus?

- (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria  
(2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia  
(3) Uremia and Ketonuria  
(4) Uremia and Renaol Calculi

**Ans: [1]**

90. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :

- (1) Imbibition  
(2) Plasmolysis  
(3) Transpiration  
(4) Root pressure

**Ans: [4]**